# U0113: LOST COMMUNICATION WITH VARIABLE VALVE EVENT AND LIFT (VVEL) CONTROL MODULE OVERVIEW Severity : High DIY Difficulty Level : Intermediate Repair Cost : \$75-\$200 Can I Still Drive? : Yes (Short-term only)

### What Does The U0113 Code Mean?

This code means that the Variable Valve Event and Lift (VVEL) Control Module and the Engine Control Module (ECM) stopped communicating with each other for approximately 2 seconds.

The circuit most often used to communicate with is known as Controller Area Network bus communications, or simply put, CAN bus. Without this CAN bus, control modules cannot exchange information, and your scan tool may not be able to get information from the vehicle, depending on which circuit is affected. Without this communication circuit, the ECM does not receive the emissions critical information that it needs.

Troubleshooting steps may vary depending upon manufacturer, type of communications system, number of wires and wire colors in the communication system.

# What Are The Symptoms Of The U0113 Code?

Symptoms of a U0113 engine code may include:

- Malfunction Indicator Light (MIL) On
- Engine cranks, starts, but runs poorly, to include: Misfires, Rough running, Poor performance



### What Are The Potential Causes Of The U0113 Code?

Typically the causes for this code to set are:

- Open power or ground to VVEL (most common)
- Open in the CAN bus + circuit
- Open in the CAN bus circuit
- Short to power in either CAN bus circuit
- Short to ground in either CAN bus circuit
- Rarely faulty control module

### **How Can You Fix The U0113 Code?**

A good starting point is always to check for technical service bulletins (TSB) for your particular vehicle. Your issue may be a known issue with a known fix put out by the manufacturer and can save you time and money during diagnosis.

# Step 1

First, note if there are any other diagnostic fault codes. If any of them are bus communication related, or battery / ignition related, diagnose them first. Misdiagnosis has been known to occur if you diagnose the U0113 code before any of the basic codes have been thoroughly diagnosed and dismissed.

If your scan tool can access fault codes and the only one you get from other modules is the U0113, try to communicate with the VVEL. If you can access codes from the VVEL, then the U0113 code is either intermittent or a memory code. If unable to communicate with the VVEL, then the U0113 code that the other modules are setting is active, and the problem is there now.

## Step 2

The most common failure is loss of power or ground to the module.

Check all fuses that power up the VVEL on this vehicle. Check all grounds for the VVEL. Locate where the ground attaching points are on the vehicle and make sure that these connections are clean and tight. If you have to, take them off, get a small wire bristle brush and baking soda/water solution and clean each one, both the connector and where it connects.

If any repairs were made, clear the diagnostic trouble codes from all the modules that set the code in memory, and see if the U0113 code returns or if you are able to communicate with the VVEL. If the code does not return or communication is re-established with the VVEL, then the fuses/connections were most likely your problem.



# Step 3

If the code returns, locate the CAN bus communication connections on your particular vehicle, most importantly the VVEL connector. Disconnect the negative battery cable before unplugging the connector at the VVEL. Once located, visually inspect the connectors and wiring. Look for scraping, rubbing, bare wires, burn spots or melted plastic.

Pull the connectors apart and carefully inspect the terminals (the metal parts) inside the connectors. See if they look burned or have a green tint indicating corrosion. Use electrical contact cleaner and a plastic bristle brush if cleaning of the terminals is needed. Let dry and apply electric grease where the terminals contact.

Before connecting the connectors back to the VVEL, make these few voltage checks. You will need to have access to a digital volt-ohmmeter (DVOM). Verify that you have power and ground at the VVEL. Gain access to a wiring diagram and determine where the main powers and grounds come into the VVEL. Reconnect the battery before continuing, with the VVEL still disconnected.

Connect the red lead of your voltmeter to each B+ (battery voltage) supply coming into the VVEL connector and the black lead of your voltmeter to a good ground (if not sure, battery negative always works). You should see a reading of battery voltage. Verify that you have good grounds as well. Hook the red lead of your voltmeter to battery positive (B+) and the black lead to each ground circuit. Once again you should see battery voltage at each connection. If not, repair the power or ground circuit problem.

# Step 4

Next, check the two communication circuits. Locate the CAN C+ (or HSCAN + circuit) and CAN C- (or HSCAN – circuit). With the black lead of your voltmeter connected to a good ground, connect the red lead to CAN C+. With the Key On, Engine Off, you should see about 2.6 volts and fluctuating slightly. Next, connect the red voltmeter lead to the CAN C- circuit. You should see approximately 2.4 volts and fluctuating slightly. Other manufacturers show CAN C- at approximately .5 volts and fluctuating Key On Engine Off. Check the specifications for your manufacturer.

If all tests have passed and communication is still not possible, or you were unable to clear the U0113 fault code, the only thing left that can be done is to seek assistance from a trained automotive diagnostician, as this would indicate a failed VVEL. Most of these VVELs must be programmed, or calibrated to the vehicle in order to be installed correctly.

### **Reference Sources**

<u>U0113 Lost Communication with Variable Valve Event and Lift Control Module</u>, OBD-Codes.

